***** QUERY RESULTS *****

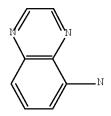
=> d his 117

(FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:12:08 ON 06 AUG 2009) 12 S L11 OR L16

SAVE TEMP L17 FAN232HCAP/A

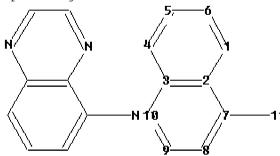
=> d que 117

STR L3



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation:

Uploading L2.str



chain nodes :

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

chain bonds :

7-11

ring bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 2-7 3-4 3-10 4-5 5-6 7-8 8-9 9-10

exact/norm bonds :

7-11

normalized bonds :

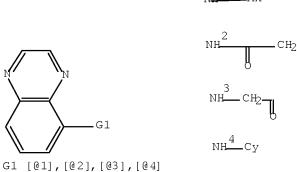
1-2 1-6 2-3 2-7 3-4 3-10 4-5 5-6 7-8 8-9 9-10

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:CLASS

L7 26 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L5 AND PMS/CI L8 STR

1 NH____Ak



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation: Uploading L4.str



11 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

ring nodes:
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

chain bonds:
7-11 13-17 14-18 15-21 16-24 18-19 18-20 21-22 22-23

ring bonds:
1-2 1-6 2-3 2-7 3-4 3-10 4-5 5-6 7-8 8-9 9-10

exact/norm bonds:
7-11 13-17 14-18 16-24 18-20 22-23

exact bonds:
15-21 18-19 21-22

normalized bonds:
1-2 1-6 2-3 2-7 3-4 3-10 4-5 5-6 7-8 8-9 9-10

1-2 1-6 2-3 2-7 3-4 3-10 4-5 5-6 7-8 8-9 9-10 isolated ring systems:

isolated ring systems :
containing 1 :

chain nodes :

G1:[*1],[*2],[*3],[*4]

```
10/588232
Connectivity:
17:1 E exact RC ring/chain
Match level:
1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom
11:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 18:CLASS 19:CLASS
20:CLASS 21:CLASS
22:CLASS 23:CLASS 24:Atom
           191 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L5 SSS FUL L8
L10
L11
            11 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L7
L12
            71 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L10
L13
            2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L12 AND ELECTRODE?
L14
            2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L12 AND ENERGY STOR?
            3 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L12 AND 76/SC,SX
L15
            4 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L13 OR L14 OR L15)
L16
            12 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L11 OR L16
L17
=> d 117 1-12 ibib abs hitstr hitind
L17 ANSWER 1 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
                       2008:48914 HCAPLUS Full-text
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        149:583879
TITLE:
                        Electrochemical characteristics of
                        poly(aminoquinoxaline) compounds as a capacitor
                        electrode materials
AUTHOR(S):
                        Kasai, Mikio; Matsuura, Keisuke; Furusho, Hitoshi;
                        Yoshimoto, Nobuko; Egashira, Minato; Morita, Masayuki
                        Synthesis Research Department, Chemical Research
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                        Laboratories, Nissan Chemical Industries, LTD., 722-1
                        Tsuboi-cho, Funabashi, Chiba, 274-8507, Japan
                        Electrochemistry (Tokyo, Japan) (2007), 75(12),
SOURCE:
                        958-963
                        CODEN: EECTFA; ISSN: 1344-3542
PUBLISHER:
                        Electrochemical Society of Japan
                        Journal
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
                        Japanese
     One of the poly(aminoquinoxaline) compds. series, poly(2,3-dithienyl-5-
AΒ
     aminoquinoxaline), P(AQX-06) has high potential as an electrochem. capacitor
     electrode materials. In the Et4N+ tetrafluoroborate (TEABF4) MeCN media,
     P(AQX-06)/C felt electrode showed electrochem. redox activity at potential
     window between -1.8 and 1.5 V vs. Ag wire. First, specific capacity of P(AQX-
     06) was lower level, but it gradually rose to reach at 134 Ah kg-1 (210 Fg-1)
     after 3600 cycling. Such high capacity was maintained after further 2000
     cycling. The charge use of P(AQX-06)/C felt electrode showed 62%, which is
     higher level than other conductive polymer materials. By SEM anal., a lot of
     pores are observed on the surface of the electrode after the cycling.
ΙT
    619253-38-2
```

RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
 (P(AQX 06); electrochem. characteristics of poly(aminoquinoxaline) compds. as a capacitor electrode materials)

619253-38-2 HCAPLUS

RN

CN Poly[(2,3-di-2-thienyl-5,8-quinoxalinediyl)imino] (CA INDEX NAME)

$$R \longrightarrow S$$

IT 619253-37-1

RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(assumed monomer; electrochem. characteristics of

poly(aminoquinoxaline) compds. as a capacitor electrode materials)

RN 619253-37-1 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Quinoxalinamine, 2,3-di-2-thienyl-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 619253-30-4 CMF C16 H11 N3 S2

IT 860478-94-0

RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

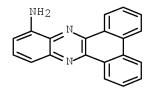
(electrochem. characteristics of poly(aminoquinoxaline) compds. as a capacitor electrode materials)

RN 860478-94-0 HCAPLUS

CN Dibenzo[a,c]phenazin-10-amine, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 860478-79-1 CMF C20 H13 N3



72-2 (Electrochemistry) CC

619253-38-2 ΤT

> RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(P(AQX 06); electrochem. characteristics of poly(aminoquinoxaline) compds. as a capacitor electrode materials)

ΙT 619253-37-1

ΤТ

RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(assumed monomer; electrochem. characteristics of poly(aminoquinoxaline) compds. as a capacitor electrode materials)

860478-94-0 RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES

(electrochem. characteristics of poly(aminoquinoxaline) compds. as a capacitor electrode materials)

L17 ANSWER 2 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1115567 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:430241

TITLE: Composition for energy storage

device electrode and method for producing

same

INVENTOR(S): Kasai, Mikio; Furusho, Hitoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nissan Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 81pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAI	ENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION 1	NO.		D.	ATE	
WO 2007111070				A1 20071004				WO 2007-JP53717						20070228			
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		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	GT,	HN,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KM,	KN,
		KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LA,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,
		MN,	MW,	MX,	MY,	MZ,	NA,	NG,	NI,	NO,	NΖ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,
		RS,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SM,	SV,	SY,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,
		TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW						
	RW:	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,
		IS,	ΙΤ,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,
		CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG,	BW,	GH,
		GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	${ m MZ}$,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,
		KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ΤJ,	TM										
RITY	APP	LN.	INFO	.:						JP 2	006-	8998	1		A 2	0060	329

PRIO JP 2006-319713 A 20061128 GΙ

Ι

ΙI

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^1 & R^2 \\
 & N & N \\
 & R^3 & R^4 & n
\end{array}$$

Disclosed is a composition for energy storage device electrodes which contains a carbon material and a polyaminoquinoxaline compound I or II (R1 and R2 independently represent a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a C1-10 alkyl group, a C1-10 alkoxy group or the like; R3 and R4 independently represent a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, a C1-10 alkyl group, a C1-10 alkoxy group or the like; X1 represents -NH-R5-NH-or -NH-R6-, wherein R5 and R6 independently represent a C1-10 alkylene group, -C(O)CH2-, -CH2C(O)- or the like; and n represents an integer of ≤2.). By using such a composition for energy storage device electrodes, there can be obtained an electrode which enables to increase the d. of energy level of the device.

IT 619253-37-1P 860478-94-0P

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(additives for carbon electrodes for electrochem.

energy storage devices)

RN 619253-37-1 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Quinoxalinamine, 2,3-di-2-thienyl-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 619253-30-4 CMF C16 H11 N3 S2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

RN 860478-94-0 HCAPLUS

CN Dibenzo[a,c]phenazin-10-amine, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 860478-79-1 CMF C20 H13 N3

IT 860478-86-0P 951326-17-3P 951326-19-5P

951326-21-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(in synthesis of aminoquinoxaline deriv monomers)

RN 860478-86-0 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Quinoxalinamine, N-(4-nitrophenyl)-2,3-di-2-thienyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

$$R \longrightarrow S$$

PAGE 2-A

RN 951326-17-3 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Quinoxalinamine, N-(4-nitrophenyl)-2,3-diphenyl-, ammonium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● ИН3

RN 951326-19-5 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Quinoxalinamine, 2,3-bis(4-methylphenyl)-N-(4-nitrophenyl)-, ammonium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 951326-21-9 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Quinoxalinamine, 2,3-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-(4-nitrophenyl)-, ammonium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 860478-87-1P 951326-18-4P 951326-20-8P

951326-22-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis as monomers in preparation of polymer additives for energy storage devices)

RN 860478-87-1 HCAPLUS

CN 1,4-Benzenediamine, N1-(2,3-di-2-thienyl-5-quinoxalinyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 951326-18-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,4-Benzenediamine, N1-(2,3-diphenyl-5-quinoxalinyl)-, ammonium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● NH3

RN 951326-20-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1,4-Benzenediamine, N1-[2,3-bis(4-methylphenyl)-5-quinoxalinyl]-, ammonium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 951326-22-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1,4-Benzenediamine, N1-[2,3-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-quinoxalinyl]-, ammonium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) Section cross-reference(s): 35
- ST polyaminoquinoxaline additive elec double layer capacitor carbon electrode; electrochem energy storage device electrode additive aminoquinoxaline polymer
- IT Battery electrodes

Capacitor electrodes

(carbon; aminoquinoxaline derivative polymers as additives for)

IT 619253-37-1P 860478-94-0P

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(additives for carbon electrodes for electrochem.

energy storage devices)

IT 7440-44-0, Carbon, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
(aminoquinoxaline derivative polymers as additive for carbon electrodes of electrochem. energy storage device)

IT 608-32-2P, 1,2,3-Triaminobenzene 3694-52-8P 61875-42-1P 126988-06-5P 440115-69-5P 451462-41-2P 603972-81-2P, 2,3-Di(2-thienyl)-5-nitroquinoxaline 619253-29-1P 860478-79-1P,

Dibenzo[a,c]phenazin-10-amine 860478-86-0P 860478-88-2P

951326-17-3P 951326-19-5P 951326-21-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(in synthesis of aminoquinoxaline deriv monomers)

32044-95-4P 32044-97-6P 76097-87-5P 482576-91-0P 619253-28-0P 619253-30-4P **860478-87-1P** 860478-89-3P

951326-18-4P 951326-20-8P 951326-22-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(synthesis as monomers in preparation of polymer additives for

energy storage devices)

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 6 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 3 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:823944 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:240087

TITLE: Electrode for energy

storing device and its manufacture

INVENTOR(S): Morita, Masayuki; Yoshimoto, Nobuko; Mukai, Yasuaki;

Kasai, Mikio; Furusho, Hitoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Yamaguchi University, Japan; Nissan Chemical

Industries, Ltd.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 74 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PA:	TENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION I	NO.		D	ATE	
	WO 2005076295				A1 20050818			,	——— WO 2	005-	JP13	20050201						
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
			CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,
			GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,
			LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NΙ,
			NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,
			ΤJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW
		RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,
			AZ,	BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ΤJ,	TM,	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,
			EE,	ES,	FΙ,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,	IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,
			RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,
			MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG	·	·	·	·	·	·	·	·		•	
	ΕP	1713	101	·	·	A1		2006	1018		EP 2	005-	7095.	34		2	0050	201
		R:	CH,	DE,	LI													
	CN	1926	647			А		2007	0307	1	CN 2	005-	8000	6786		2	0050	201
	US	2007	0120	112		A1		2007	0531		US 2	006-	5882	32		2	0060	803
	KR	2006	1246	93		Α		2006	1205		KR 2	006-	7158	82		2	0060	804
PRIO	RIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:						JP 2	004-	3001	4	ž	A 2	0040	206
										,	WO 2	005-	JP13	88	Ţ	w 2	0050	201
CT																		

GI

AΒ The @lectrode uses a polyaminoquinoxaline I [R1-4 are substituents selected from H, OH, halogen, -CN, -NO2, amino, and organic groups; X1 = -NHr5NH or -NHR6- with R5 and R6 being bivalent organic groups] as active mass. The wheatrode is prepared by applying the polyaminoquinoxaline on a collector, or by electrolytic polymerization of II (X2 = -NHR7NH2 or -NHR8, R7 = bivalentorganic group, R8 = cyclic or condensed heteroaryl group) on a collector.

860478-81-5P 860478-82-6P ΙT 860478-80-4P 860478-84-8P 860478-85-99 860478-83-7P 860478-86-0P 860478-87-1P

RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process) (compns. and manufacture of alectrodes from polyaminoquinoxaline derivative for energy storing devices)

860478-80-4 HCAPLUS RN

5-Quinoxalinamine, N-(4-nitrophenyl)-2,3-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME) CN

860478-81-5 HCAPLUS RN CN

1,4-Benzenediamine, N1-(2,3-diphenyl-5-quinoxalinyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 860478-82-6 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Quinoxalinamine, 2,3-bis(4-methylphenyl)-N-(4-nitrophenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 860478-83-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1,4-Benzenediamine, N1-[2,3-bis(4-methylphenyl)-5-quinoxalinyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 860478-84-8 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Quinoxalinamine, 2,3-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-(4-nitrophenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 860478-85-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1,4-Benzenediamine, N1-[2,3-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-quinoxalinyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 860478-86-0 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Quinoxalinamine, N-(4-nitrophenyl)-2,3-di-2-thienyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

$$R \longrightarrow S$$

PAGE 2-A

860478-87-1 HCAPLUS RN

CN 1,4-Benzenediamine, N1-(2,3-di-2-thienyl-5-quinoxalinyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

ΙT 862806-22-2P 862806-23-3P 862806-24-4P

862806-25-5P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(compns. and manufacture of electrodes from polyaminoquinoxaline

derivative for energy storing devices)

RN 862806-22-2 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[(2,3-diphenyl-5,8-quinoxalinediyl)imino-1,4-phenyleneimino] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

862806-23-3 HCAPLUS RN

Poly[[2,3-bis(4-methylphenyl)-5,8-quinoxalinediyl]imino-1,4-CN phenyleneimino] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 862806-24-4 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[[2,3-bis[4-(2-thienyl)phenyl]-5,8-quinoxalinediyl]imino-1,4-phenyleneimino] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 862806-25-5 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(dibenzo[a,c]phenazine-10,13-diylimino-1,4-phenyleneimino) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
IC
    ICM H01G009-00
    ICS C08G073-02; H01G009-058; H01M004-60
CC
    76-10 (Electric Phenomena)
ST
    polyaminoquinoxaline electrode active mass energy
    storing device manuf
ΙT
    Electrodes
        (compns. and manufacture of @lectrodes from polyaminoquinoxaline
       derivative for energy storing devices)
ΙT
        (double layer; compns. and manufacture of electrodes from
       polyaminoquinoxaline derivative for double layer capacitors)
ΙT
    Polvmerization
        (electrochem.; compns. and manufacture of electrodes from
       polyaminoquinoxaline derivative for double layer capacitors)
    608-32-2P, 1,2,3-Triaminobenzene 3694-52-8P 32044-95-4P 32044-97-6P
ΤТ
    61875-42-1P 76097-87-5P 126988-06-5P 440115-69-5P 451462-41-2P
    482576-91-0P 603972-81-2P 619253-28-0P 619253-29-1P 619253-30-4P
    860478-79-1P, Dibenzo[a,c]phenazin-10-amine 860478-80-49
    860478-81-5P 860478-82-6P 860478-83-7P
                  860478-85-9P
                                860478-86-0P
    860478-84-8P
    860478-87-1P 860478-88-2P 860478-89-3P
    RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
    process); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)
        (compns. and manufacture of electrodes from polyaminoquinoxaline
       derivative for energy storing devices)
                 862806-23-3P 862806-24-4P
    862806-22-2P
ΙT
    862806-25-5P
    RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (compns. and manufacture of electrodes from polyaminoquinoxaline
        derivative for energy storing devices)
L17 ANSWER 4 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:673274 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        143:172852
                       Preparation of aminoquinoxaline compounds,
TITLE:
                       polyaminoquinoxaline compounds
                       Kasai, Mikio; Furusho, Hitoshi
INVENTOR(S):
                      Nissan Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                        PCT Int. Appl., 76 pp.
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO.
                        A1 20050728 WO 2005-JP209
    WO 2005068439
                                                                 20050112
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
            CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
            GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
            LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
            NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
            TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
        RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
            AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
```

MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML,

EP	1705	178			A1		2006	0927		ΕP	200	05-	7034	48			20050	112
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GF	Α, Ι	ΙΤ,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE	, MC,	PT,
		IE,	SI,	LT,	FΙ,	RO,	CY,	TR,	BG,	C2	Ζ, Ι	ΕE,	HU,	PL,	SK,	IS		
CN	1918	135			Α		2007	0221		CN	200	05-	8000	4947			20050	112
KR	2006	1278	72		A		2006	1213		KR	200	06-	7139	15			20060	711
US	2009	0030	176		A1		2009	0129		US	200	06-	5857	57			20060	712
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:						JΡ	200	04-	5892			A	20040	113
										JΡ	200	04-	2517	66		A	20040	831
										JΡ	200	04-	2566	20		A	20040	903
										WO	200	05-	JP20	9		W	20050	112
OTHER S	OURCE	(S):			MARP	ΆΤ	143:	17285	52									

AB The invention relates to preparation of aminoquinoxaline compds. represented by the formula I, where R1 and R2 each independently represents hydrogen, hydroxy, C1-10 alkyl, C1-10 alkoxy, etc.; R3 and R4 each independently represents hydrogen, halogeno, cyano, nitro, amino, C1-10 alkyl, C1-10 alkoxy, etc.; and X1 represents -NH-R5-NH2 or -NH-R6. The compds. have excellent heat resistance and the electrochem. oxidation/reduction potential of which can be easily controlled, and the compds. have extremely narrow band gaps and high fluorescent properties. The preparation of polyaminoquinoxaline compds. obtained by polymerizing the compound I is also provided.

IT 860478-81-5P 860478-82-6P 860478-83-7P 860478-87-1P

RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of aminoquinoxaline compds., polyaminoquinoxaline compds.) $860\,478-81-5$ HCAPLUS

RN 860478-81-5 HCAPLUS
CN 1,4-Benzenediamine, N1-(2,3-diphenyl-5-quinoxalinyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 860478-82-6 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Quinoxalinamine, 2,3-bis(4-methylphenyl)-N-(4-nitrophenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 860478-83-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1,4-Benzenediamine, N1-[2,3-bis(4-methylphenyl)-5-quinoxalinyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 860478-87-1 HCAPLUS

CN 1,4-Benzenediamine, N1-(2,3-di-2-thienyl-5-quinoxalinyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 860478-85-9P 860478-90-6P 860478-91-7P
860478-92-8P 860478-93-9P 860478-94-0P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of aminoquinoxaline compds., polyaminoquinoxaline compds.)
RN 860478-85-9 HCAPLUS
CN 1,4-Benzenediamine, N1-[2,3-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-quinoxalinyl]- (CA
INDEX NAME)

RN 860478-90-6 HCAPLUS
CN 1,4-Benzenediamine, N-(2,3-diphenyl-5-quinoxalinyl)-, homopolymer (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 860478-81-5 CMF C26 H20 N4

RN 860478-91-7 HCAPLUS
CN 1,4-Benzenediamine, N-[2,3-bis(4-methylphenyl)-5-quinoxalinyl]-,
homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 860478-83-7 CMF C28 H24 N4

RN 860478-92-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1,4-Benzenediamine, N-(2,3-di-2-thienyl-5-quinoxalinyl)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 860478-87-1 CMF C22 H16 N4 S2

RN 860478-93-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1,4-Benzenediamine, N-dibenzo[a,c]phenazin-10-yl-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 860478-89-3 CMF C26 H18 N4

RN 860478-94-0 HCAPLUS

Dibenzo[a,c]phenazin-10-amine, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME) CN

CM 1

CRN 860478-79-1 CMF C20 H13 N3

860478-80-42 860478-84-8P 860478-86-0P ΙT

> RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of aminoquinoxaline compds., polyaminoquinoxaline compds.)

860478-80-4 HCAPLUS RN

5-Quinoxalinamine, N-(4-nitrophenyl)-2,3-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME) CN

RN 860478-84-8 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Quinoxalinamine, 2,3-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-(4-nitrophenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 860478-86-0 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Quinoxalinamine, N-(4-nitrophenyl)-2,3-di-2-thienyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

IC ICM C07D241-44

ICS C07D409-04; C08G073-02; H05B033-14; H05B033-22; H01M014-00

- CC 28-1 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom))
 - Section cross-reference(s): 35, 52, 73, 76

IT 3694-52-8P 32044-95-4P 32044-97-6P 61875-42-1P 126988-06-5P 440115-69-5P 451462-41-2P 603972-81-2P 619253-29-1P 619253-30-4P

860478-82-6P 860478-83-7P 860478-87-1P

860478-89-3P

RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of aminoquinoxaline compds., polyaminoquinoxaline compds.)

```
ΙT
    76097-87-5P
                  482576-91-0P
                                 619253-28-0P
                                               860478-85-9P
    860478-90-6P
                 860478-91-7P
                                 860478-92-8P
    860478-93-9P 860478-94-0P
    RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of aminoquinoxaline compds., polyaminoquinoxaline compds.)
ΙT
    860478-80-4P 860478-84-8P 860478-86-0P
    860478-88-2P
    RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of aminoquinoxaline compds., polyaminoquinoxaline compds.)
                       1
                              THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
OS.CITING REF COUNT:
                              (1 CITINGS)
L17 ANSWER 5 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:493690 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        141:61781
TITLE:
                        Aniline oligomer or polymer, process for producing the
                        same, organic EL element and process for producing the
                        same, and photoelectric converting organic device
                        Hirao, Toshikazu; Sakurai, Hidehiro
INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Kansai Technology Licensing Organization Co., Ltd.,
                        Japan; Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd.
SOURCE:
                        PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp.
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE
                                      APPLICATION NO.
                                          _____
    WO 2004050641
                                         WO 2003-JP15207
                                                                20031128
                        A1
                               20040617
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
            CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
            GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK,
            LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ,
            OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM,
            TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
        RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,
            BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE,
            ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK,
            TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    AU 2003302647
                       A1 20040623
                                          AU 2003-302647 20031128
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           JP 2002-348751
                                                             A 20021129
                                           WO 2003-JP15207
                                                             W 20031128
     An aniline derivative and a metal complex thereof which are excellent in
AB
     conductivity, processability, elec. stability, thermal stability, mech.
     stability, etc. and are advantageously usable as, e.g., conductive mols. in
     various fields. The aniline derivative is one represented by the following R-
     C6H4-NH-(repeating unit)n-C6H4-R, wherein, the benzene ring substituted with 4
     of R' (R, R' = H, alkyl, alkoxy, aryl, etc.; repeating unit = aniline
     derivative repeating unit substituted with heterocyclyl which has 2 Ns and
     closes heterocyclic ring with neighboring carbon of backbone chain via single
     or double bond; and n = integer 1-500).
    705973-29-19
                   705973-30-4P
                                 705973-32-6P
ΙT
    RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (formation of polyaniline derivative organic EL element and photoelec.
       converting organic device)
```

705973-29-1 HCAPLUS

RN

CN 5,8-Quinoxalinediamine, N5,N8-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 705973-30-4 HCAPLUS CN 5,8-Quinoxalinediamine, N5,N8-bis[4-(phenylamino)phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 705973-31-5P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(formation of polyaniline derivative organic EL element and photoelec. converting organic device)

RN 705973-31-5 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Quinoxalinamine, 8-bromo-N-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM C07D241-42

ICS C07D271-12; C09K011-06; H05B033-22; H05B033-14

CC 73-6 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38, 74, 76

IT 705973-29-1P 705973-30-4P 705973-32-6P

705973-33-7P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(formation of polyaniline derivative organic EL element and photoelec. converting organic device)

IT 148231-12-3P, 5,8-Dibromoquinoxaline 507236-62-6P 705973-31-5P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(formation of polyaniline derivative organic EL element and photoelec. converting organic device)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 6 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:891980 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:351341

TITLE: Preparation and uses of poly(5-aminoquinoxalines)
INVENTOR(S): Nagasaki, Yukio; Furusho, Hitoshi; Chikawa, Katsumi;

Miyamoto, Hisae

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nissan Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 26 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.				KIN	D	DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
							_											
	EP	1361	244			A1		2003	1112	:	EP 2	003-	2529.	25		2	0030	509
	EP	1361	244			В1		2006	1018									
		R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙΤ,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
			ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	SK	
	JΡ	2004	0835	63		A		2004	0318		JP 2	003-	1261.	32		2	0030	501
	US	2003	0215	701				2003	1120	1	US 2	003-	4298	89		2	0030	506

US 6822069 B2 20041123 CN 1456554 A 20031119 CN 2003-123627 20030509 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2002-135721 A 20020510 JP 2002-185876 A 20020626

 $\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 & R^2 \\
N & N & R^5 \\
R^3 & R^4 & N
\end{array}$

Poly(5-aminoquinoxalines) comprise I, in which R1 and R2 each independently AΒ represent a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a Ph group, a substituted Ph group, a biphenyl group, a substituted biphenyl group, a thienyl group, a substituted thienyl group, a naphthyl group, a substituted naphthyl group, pyrrolyl group, a substituted pyrrolyl group, a furyl group, a substituted furyl group, an alkyl group, an alkoxyl, or an alkoxyl group; R3 and R4 each independently represent a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxyl group, a cyano group, a Ph group, a substituted Ph group, a biphenyl group, a substituted biphenyl group, a thienyl group, a substituted thienyl group, a pyrrolyl group, a substituted pyrrolyl group, a furyl group, a substituted furyl group, a naphthyl group, or a substituted naphthyl group; R5 represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxyl group, an acetyl group, a cyano group, a Ph group, a substituted Ph group, a biphenyl group, a substituted biphenyl group, a thienyl group, a substituted thienyl group, a pyrrolyl group, a substituted pyrrolyl group, a naphthyl group, or a substituted naphthyl group; and n is a pos. integer of not less than three. The polymers have excellent thermal resistance, permit easy control of the electrochem. oxidation-reduction potential thereof, have a very narrow band gap of themselves, and have strong fluorescence characteristics. 2,3-Diphenyl-5aminoquinoxaline was prepared and polymerized

IT 482576-92-1P 619253-31-5P 619253-32-6P 619253-33-7P 619253-34-8P 619253-35-9P 619253-36-0P 619253-37-1P 619253-38-2P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation and uses of poly(5-aminoquinoxalines))

RN 482576-92-1 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Quinoxalinamine, 2,3-bis(4-methylphenyl)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 482576-91-0 CMF C22 H19 N3

RN 619253-31-5 HCAPLUS CN Poly[(2,3-diphenyl-5,8-quinoxalinediyl)imino] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 619253-32-6 HCAPLUS
CN Poly[[2,3-bis(4-methylphenyl)-5,8-quinoxalinediyl]imino] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 619253-33-7 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Quinoxalinamine, 2,3-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 32044-97-6 CMF C22 H19 N3 O2

RN 619253-34-8 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[[2,3-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-5,8-quinoxalinediyl]imino] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 619253-35-9 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Quinoxalinamine, 2,3-bis(4-bromophenyl)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 619253-28-0 CMF C20 H13 Br2 N3

RN 619253-36-0 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[[2,3-bis(4-bromophenyl)-5,8-quinoxalinediyl]imino] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 619253-37-1 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Quinoxalinamine, 2,3-di-2-thienyl-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 619253-30-4 CMF C16 H11 N3 S2

RN 619253-38-2 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[(2,3-di-2-thienyl-5,8-quinoxalinediyl)imino] (CA INDEX NAME)

$$R \longrightarrow S$$

IC ICM C08G073-06

ICS H01L021-34

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) Section cross-reference(s): 73

ΙT 354774-60-0P, 2,3-Diphenyl-5-aminoquinoxaline homopolymer 482576-92-1P 619253-31-5P 619253-32-6P 619253-33-72 619253-34-8P 619253-35-9P 619253-36-0P 619253-37-1P 619253-38-2P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and uses of poly(5-aminoquinoxalines)) OS.CITING REF COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (12 CITINGS) REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 3 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L17 ANSWER 7 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:341818 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:269778 TITLE: Monomer and polymer quinoxaline derivatives for cationic recognition AUTHOR(S): Breznova, H.; Volf, R.; Kral, V.; Sessler, J. L.; Try, A. C.; Shishkanova, T. V. Department of Analytical Chemistry, Institute of CORPORATE SOURCE: Chemical Technology, Prague, 16628 6, Czech Rep. SOURCE: Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry (2003), 375(8), 1193-1198 CODEN: ABCNBP; ISSN: 1618-2642 Springer-Verlag PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English LANGUAGE: Monomeric and polymeric 5-nitroquinoxaline derivs. disubstituted in the 2 and 3 positions with 2-pyrrolyl (A), 2-furyl (B) and 2-thienyl (C) groups were prepared and characterized. The substituted 5-nitroquinoxalines were used as active components in poly(vinyl chloride)-membrane and electropolymd. electrodes that were then tested as possible sensors for various cationic species. In contrast to the difurylnitroquinoxaline-based systems, the monomeric and polymeric dipyrrolyl- and dithienylquinoxaline electrodes displayed a good selectivity for Ag+ ions, providing a near-Nernstian response in the 10-5 to 10-2 mol L-1 concentration range. The similar potentiometric behavior displayed by the monomeric and polymeric forms of systems A and C supports the contention that the main binding modes displayed by the monomeric forms are retained in the corresponding polymeric structures. 603972-82-3P, 2,3-Di-2-pyrrolyl-5-nitroquinoxaline polymer ΤT 603972-83-4P, 2,3-Di-2-furyl-5-nitroquinoxaline polymer 603972-84-5P, 2,3-Di-2-thienyl-5-nitroquinoxaline polymer RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (cations recognition by ion selective electrodes based on monomer and polymer disubstituted nitroquinoxaline derivs.) 603972-82-3 HCAPLUS CN Quinoxaline, 5-nitro-2,3-di-1H-pyrrol-2-yl-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 475476-76-7 CMF C16 H11 N5 O2

31

$$\mathbb{R} \longrightarrow \mathbb{N}$$

RN 603972-83-4 HCAPLUS

CN Quinoxaline, 2,3-di-2-furanyl-5-nitro-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 126988-08-7 CMF C16 H9 N3 O4

$$\mathbb{R}$$

RN 603972-84-5 HCAPLUS

CN Quinoxaline, 5-nitro-2,3-di-2-thienyl-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

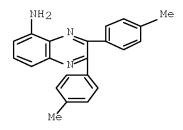
CM 1

CRN 603972-81-2 CMF C16 H9 N3 O2 S2

```
CC
    79-3 (Inorganic Analytical Chemistry)
    126988-08-7P, 2,3-Di-2-furyl-5-nitroquinoxaline 475476-76-7P,
ΙT
     2,3-Di-2-pyrrolyl-5-nitroquinoxaline 603972-81-2P,
     2,3-Di-2-thienyl-5-nitroquinoxaline 603972-82-32,
     2,3-Di-2-pyrrolyl-5-nitroquinoxaline polymer 603972-83-42,
     2,3-Di-2-furyl-5-nitroquinoxaline polymer 603972-84-5P,
     2,3-Di-2-thienyl-5-nitroquinoxaline polymer
     RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); DEV (Device component use); SPN
     (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES
     (Uses)
        (cations recognition by ion selective electrodes based on monomer and
        polymer disubstituted nitroquinoxaline derivs.)
OS.CITING REF COUNT:
                        7
                               THERE ARE 7 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
                               (7 CITINGS)
L17 ANSWER 8 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
                         2002:633404 HCAPLUS Full-text
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         138:90113
TITLE:
                         Synthesis and polymerization of aminoquinoxaline
                         derivatives and their optical characteristics
AUTHOR(S):
                         Furusho, Hitoshi; Yanagimoto, Akira; Miyamoto, Hisae;
                         Chikama, Katumi; Nagasaki, Yukio
                         Chemical General Division, Nissan Chemical Industries,
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         LTD., Tokyo, Japan
SOURCE:
                         Journal of Photopolymer Science and Technology (2002),
                         15(1), 133-135
                         CODEN: JSTEEW; ISSN: 0914-9244
PUBLISHER:
                         Technical Association of Photopolymers, Japan
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
AΒ
     Three 2,3-diary1-5-aminoquinoxaline monomers were prepared and characterized.
     Band gap, UV-vis spectra, fluorescence, and voltammograms are presented. 2,3-
     Bis(4-ethylphenyl)-5-aminoquinoxaline was electropolymd. and polymer
     properties determined
ΙT
     482576-92-1P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation and electrochem. polymerization of aminoquinoxaline derivs.
and their
        optical characteristics)
RN
     482576-92-1 HCAPLUS
     5-Quinoxalinamine, 2,3-bis(4-methylphenyl)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
```

CM 1

CRN 482576-91-0 CMF C22 H19 N3



CC 35-3 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

Section cross-reference(s): 28

IT 32044-95-4P, 5-Quinoxalinamine, 2,3-diphenyl- 32044-97-6P

482576-92-1P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and electrochem. polymerization of aminoquinoxaline derivs.

and their

optical characteristics)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(1 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 9 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:794902 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:183661

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 123:32405a,32408a

TITLE: Functional thin film, production and application

thereof

INVENTOR(S):
Saji, Tetsuo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dainichiseika Color Chem., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 41 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07062594 JP 2825424	A B2	19950307 19981118	JP 1993-234301	19930827

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1993-234301 19930827

AB The title film, useful for a color filter, electrophotog. device, photosensor, solar cell, electroluminescence device, optical recording device, optical nonlinear device, optoelectronic device, photochromic film, electrochromic film, gas sensor and ion sensor, is prepared by an electrochem. reduction of a surfactant containing an aromatic azo residue, dispersed in a water or water containing solvent. The title method requires min. or zero use of binder resin.

IT 167857-71-8

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(functional thin film prepared by photochem. reduction of surfactant containing

aromatic azo residue)

RN 167857-71-8 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediy1), α,α' -[[[8-[[4-(phenylmethy1)pheny1]azo]-5-quinoxaliny1]imino]di-2,1-ethanediy1]bis[ω -methoxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

$$-CH_2$$
 OMe

- CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 52, 72, 73, 76

 IT
 156461-29-9
 156461-30-2
 167856-77-1
 167856-78-2
 167856-79-3

 167856-80-6
 167856-81-7
 167856-82-8
 167856-83-9
 167856-84-0

 167856-85-1
 167856-86-2
 167856-87-3
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 167856-93-1
 167856-94-2

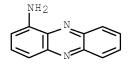
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    167857-70-7 167857-71-8 167857-72-9 167857-73-0
    167857-74-1
    RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (functional thin film prepared by photochem. reduction of surfactant
containing
       aromatic azo residue)
OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3
                              THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
                              (3 CITINGS)
L17 ANSWER 10 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
                   1986:26076 HCAPLUS Full-text
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        104:26076
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 104:4197a, 4200a
TITLE:
                        Mediated redox reactions at the
                        1-aminophenazine-modified rotating disk electrode
AUTHOR(S):
                        Bauldreay, J. M.; Archer, M. D.
                        Dep. Phys. Chem., Univ. Cambridge, Cambridge, CB2 1EP,
CORPORATE SOURCE:
SOURCE:
                        Electrochimica Acta (1985), 30(10), 1355-9
                        CODEN: ELCAAV; ISSN: 0013-4686
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Journal
LANGUAGE:
                        English
     In acidic aqueous solns., a glassy C electrode coated with an anodically-
     formed polymer of 1-aminophenazine (1-AP) mediates the reduction of dissolved
     1-AP, Ce(IV), Fe(III) and O. The effective surface area of the electrode
     appears to be reduced by several percent by the coating. Oxidation of V(II)
     is also mediated at the 1-AP-coated electrode but that of Fe(II) is blocked in
     accord with thermodn. predictions. In neutral solution, reaction of the
     Fe(CN)63-/2- couple is not mediated at the coated electrode. The rate-
     determining step for mediated 1-AP, Fe(III) and Ce(IV) reduction at a coated
     rotating disk electrode is diffused in the bulk solution, but reaction at or
     in the coating influences the rate of V(II) oxidation and O2 reduction The
     reduction of O degrades the coating.
    99611-81-1
    RL: PRP (Properties)
       (electrode, glassy carbon electrode coated with, for mediated redox
       reactions in acidic aqueous solns.)
    99611-81-1 HCAPLUS
    1-Phenazinamine, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
         1
    CRN 2876-22-4
```

AΒ

ΤТ

RN CN

CMF C12 H9 N3



CC 72-2 (Electrochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 36

IT 99611-81-1

RL: PRP (Properties)

(electrode, glassy carbon electrode coated with, for mediated redox reactions in acidic aqueous solns.)

L17 ANSWER 11 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:200709 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 96:200709

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 96:33119a,33122a

TITLE: Thermostable composition

INVENTOR(S): Chernikhov, A. Ya.; Yakovlev, M. N.; Rogov, N. S.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USSR

SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 77 pp.

CODEN: FRXXBL

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
FR 2476068	A1	19810821	FR 1979-4447	19790221
FR 2476068	B1	19821203		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 1979-4447	19790221

AB Organic compds. which contain Si, halogen, N, S, P, B, and/or O atoms and contain NH2, OH, SH, NCO, NSO, and/or NCS groups as well as cyano and/or ethynyl groups are mixed with a filler, such as TiO2, MoS2, Al, W, Co, Cu, graphite, glass fibers, asbestos, quartz, or silica, and polymerized to prepare ≈110 heat-resistant resins which are especially useful as binders (e.g., for abrasive particles such as diamonds and Si carbide) and adhesives. In some cases, the resins also contain a polyimide, polybenzoxazole, polyoxadiazole, polythioarylene, or similar resin which improves their mech. properties and heat resistance. Thus, 0.4 g powdered polybenzoxazole prepared from bis(4-amino-3-hydroxyphenyl)methane and isophthalic acid was mixed with asbestos 0.8, 2,5-diamino-3,4-dicyanothiophene 0.24, and bis(4-isocyanatophenyl)methane 0.36 g and cured in a mold for 90, 90, and 30 min at 190, 250, and 300°, resp. The compressive strength (kg/cm2) of the molding was 1000 initially and 1150 after 500 h at 300° in air.

IT 75610-11-6P 80905-50-6P

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)

(preparation of heat-resistant, fillers for)

RN 75610-11-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,8-Phenazinedicarbonitrile, 1,3,7,9-tetraisocyanato-, polymer with 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 75610-10-5 CMF C18 H2 N8 O4

CM 2

CRN 80-05-7 CMF C15 H16 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{HO} \\ \hline \\ \text{Me} \\ \end{array}$$

RN 80905-50-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,8-Phenazinedicarbonitrile, 1,3,7,9-tetraisocyanato-, polymer with 3,7-diethynyl-2,8-dihydroxy-11H-isoindolo[2,1-a]benzimidazol-11-one (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 75610-12-7 CMF C18 H8 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 75610-10-5 CMF C18 H2 N8 O4

```
IC
    C04B025-02
CC
     37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
ΙT
     75-13-8DP, polymers with amino and cyano compds. 37705-84-3DP, polymers
     with isocyanates 73417-95-5P 74159-15-2P 74159-18-5P 74159-20-9P
     75597-14-7P 75597-17-0P 75597-20-5P 75597-35-2P 75609-33-5P 75609-36-8P 75609-37-9P 75609-39-1P 75609-41-5P 75609-42-6P
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     75610-54-7P 75610-56-9P 75610-58-1P 75610-90-1DP, polymers with
     hydroxy and isocyanate compds. 75610-91-2DP, polymers with amino, cyano,
     and hydroxy compds. 75625-48-8P 75636-79-2P 75636-81-6P
     75636-84-9P 75636-85-0P 75636-89-4P 75636-91-8P 75636-93-0P
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     80910-52-7P 80951-94-6P
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PREP (Preparation);
     PROC (Process)
        (preparation of heat-resistant, fillers for)
OS.CITING REF COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
                               (2 CITINGS)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         1
                               THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L17 ANSWER 12 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:640508 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 93:240508
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 93:38553a,38556a
TITLE:
                         Heat-resistant polymeric material
INVENTOR(S):
                         Chernikhov, A. Ya.; Yakovlev, M. N.; Rogov, N. S.;
                         Petrova, A. P.; Martirosov, E. B.; Gul, V. E.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                         Ger. Offen., 83 pp.
                         CODEN: GWXXBX
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
                   KIND
                                DATE APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
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                                            ______
     DE 2907195
                        A1
                                19800828 DE 1979-2907195
                                                                    19790223
     JP 55118914
                        A
                               19800912 JP 1979-24370
                                                                    19790302
     JP 55110214
JP 60021647
                        В
                              19850529
                                           US 1980-199116
                                            US 1980-199116 19801017
US 1979-8562 A1 19790201
DE 1979-2907195 A 19790223
     US 4458041
                               19840703
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 93:240508

AB Monomers (and, in some cases, low-mol.-weight polymers) containing NH2, OH, SH, NCO, NSO, and/or NCS groups as well as cyano and/or ethynyl groups are polymerized to prepare .apprx.110 polymers which are resistant to degradation at 300-400°. In most cases, the monomers and low-mol.-weight polymers are mixed with fillers such as TiO2, powdered metals, glass fibers, carbon fibers, graphite, powdered polyoxadiazole, polybenzoxazole, polyimide, or fluoropolymer, asbestos, MoS2, BN, silica, diamond dust, and/or SiC. The heat-resistant polymeric materials are useful as moldings, adhesives, grinding disks, etc. Thus, a mixture of bis(3-amino-4-cyanophenyl) ether 0.16, bis(4-isocyanatophenyl)methane 0.16, graphite 0.2, and a powdered poly-1,3,4-oxadiazole 0.78 g was molded at 130-200°/245 bars, demolded, and heated at 300° for 30 min to prepare a molding which had compressive strength (MN/m2) 96 initially and 108 after 500 h in air at 300° and had flexural strength (MN/m2) 31 initially and 35 after heat aging.

IT 75610-11-6P 75636-80-5P

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)

(manufacture of heat-resistant, filler-containing)

RN 75610-11-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,8-Phenazinedicarbonitrile, 1,3,7,9-tetraisocyanato-, polymer with 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 75610-10-5 CMF C18 H2 N8 O4

CM 2

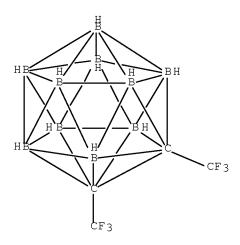
CRN 80-05-7 CMF C15 H16 O2

RN 75636-80-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2,8-Phenazinedicarbonitrile, 1,3,7,9-tetraisocyanato-, polymer with 1,2-bis(trifluoromethyl)-1,2-dicarbadodecaborane(12) and 3,7-diethynyl-2,8-dihydroxy-11H-isoindolo[2,1-a]benzimidazol-11-one (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 75610-89-8 CMF C4 H10 B10 F6



CM 2

CRN 75610-12-7 CMF C18 H8 N2 O3

CM 3

CRN 75610-10-5 CMF C18 H2 N8 O4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{NCO} & \text{NCO} \\ \\ \text{OCN} & \text{NCO} & \text{NCO} \\ \end{array}$$

IC C08G073-06

CC 36-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

IT 89-05-4DP, polymers with amino, hydroxy, and isocyanate compds. 101-77-9DP, polymers with carboxy, hydroxy, and isocyanate compds. 107-15-3DP, polymers with cyano, isocyanate, and isothiocyanate compds. and carboranes 108-78-1DP, polymers with amino, cyano, and isocyanate

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111-16-0DP, polymers with bis(aminocyanophenyl) ether,
dicarbadodecaborane, and polyisocyanates 124-04-9DP, polymers with
carboranes and isocyanate-terminated polyamides
                                                289-95-2DP, derivs.,
polymers 1187-12-8DP, polymers with isocyanates 4128-73-8DP, polymers
with aromatic amino and cyano compds. 4538-42-5DP, polymers with amino,
cyano, and isothiocyanate compds. and carboranes 16872-09-6DP, derivs.,
polymers
          19610-37-8DP, polymers with bis(aminocyanophenyl) ether,
heptanedioic acid, and polyisocyanates 23843-73-4DP, polymers with
ethynyl, hydroxy, and isocyanate compds. 37705-84-3DP, polymers with
             56597-57-0DP, polymers with isocyanates 61381-99-5DP,
isocvanates
polymers with isocyanates
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                                                      74159-18-5P
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74159-20-9P
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75597-35-2P
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                                        75609-37-9P 75609-39-1P
75609-41-5P
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                                        75609-44-8P
                                                     75609-46-0P
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75609-71-1DP, polymers with hydroxy-terminated polyoxyphenylenes
75609-72-2P
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polymers with amino, cyano, and isocyanate compds. 75610-26-3P
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             75610-90-1DP, polymers with hydroxy and isocyanate compds.
75610-91-2DP, polymers with amino, cyano, and hydroxy compds.
75610-92-3DP, polymers with hydroxy-terminated polythiophenylene
75610-93-4DP, polymers with hydroxy and isocyanate compds. 75610-94-5DP,
polymers with isothiocyanate-terminated aromatic polysulfones 75610-95-6DP,
polymers with hydroxy-terminated aromatic polysulfides 75610-96-7DP,
polymers with cyano, hydroxy, and isocyanate compds. 75610-97-8DP,
reaction products with ethynyl compound-isothiocyanate compound copolymers
75610-98-9DP, polymers with aromatic epoxy and hydroxy compds.
75610-99-0DP, polymers with isothiocyanate-terminated aromatic sulfones
75611-00-6DP, polymers with hydroxy-containing polysilanes and carboranes
75611-01-7DP, polymers with amino, cyano, isocyanate, and isothiocyanate
         75611-02-8DP, polymers with isothiocyanate-terminated aromatic
compds.
          75611-03-9DP, polymers with cyano compds., ethynyl compds. and
sulfones
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isocyanates
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and polvisocvanates 75625-48-8P
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75636-89-4P 75636-91-8P 75636-93-0P
polyisocyanates 75658-38-7P 75659-00-6P 75659-01-7P 75672-91-2P
75803-70-2P
RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PREP (Preparation);
PROC (Process)
   (manufacture of heat-resistant, filler-containing)
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***** SEARCH HISTORY *****

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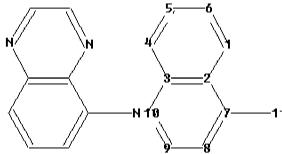
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L3 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

Uploading L2.str



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ring nodes :
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chain bonds :
7-11
ring bonds :
1-2 1-6 2-3 2-7 3-4 3-10 4-5 5-6 7-8 8-9 9-10
exact/norm bonds :
7-11
normalized bonds :
1-2 1-6 2-3 2-7 3-4 3-10 4-5 5-6 7-8 8-9 9-10

Match level:

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:CLASS

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SAVE TEMP L5 FAN232REGL2/A

L6 27 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L5 AND L2

L7 26 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L5 AND PMS/CI

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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:40:50 ON 06 AUG 2009

L8 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

D

Uploading L4.str



chain nodes :

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ring nodes :

 $1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \quad 5 \quad 6 \quad 7 \quad 8 \quad 9 \quad 10$

chain bonds :

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ring bonds :

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exact bonds :

15-21 18-19 21-22

normalized bonds :

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isolated ring systems :

containing 1 :

G1:[*1],[*2],[*3],[*4]

Connectivity:

17:1 E exact RC ring/chain

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom

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20:CLASS 21:CLASS

22:CLASS 23:CLASS 24:Atom

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L14		2	SEA	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L12	AND	E1	VERGY	STOR?
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L16		4	SEA	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L13	OR	L	l4 OF	R L15)
			D SC	CAN TI H	ΙΤ					
L17		12	SEA	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L11	OR	L16	ĵ.	
			SAVI	E TEMP L	17 FAN232	2HCAF	P/A			
			D Qt	JE L17						
			D L	17 1-12 1	IBIB ABS	HITS	STR	HI:	CIND	